

Distinguishing properties of radiation

fall-off like $\frac{1}{R}$

transport "to ∞ " energy, momentum, angular momentum, information

Retardation / propagation delay

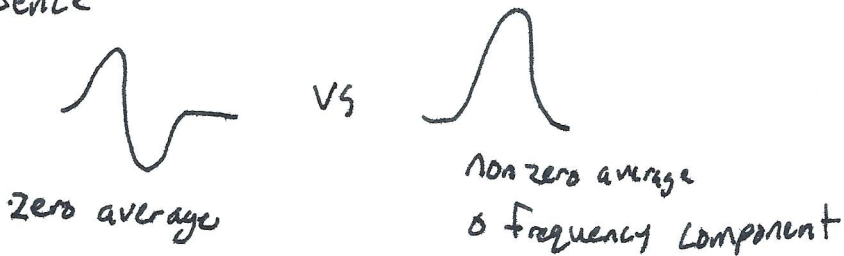
Geometric transversality

Functional transversality (divergence free)

representability by "Null fields" $\vec{E} \cdot \vec{B} = E^2 - c^2 B^2$
(in superposition)

Acceleration-dependence

Non-unipolarity



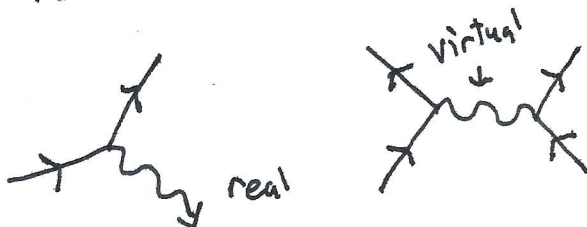
Source-free dynamics away from sources

Radiation fields that are "shaken loose" from the charges and take on an independent existence.

Irreversibility / resistance radiations

vs reactive fields
sloshing of energy back and forth

Real vs "Virtual" photons



real photon $\omega = c|\vec{k}|$
 $E = c|\vec{p}|$

virtual photon $\omega \neq c|\vec{k}|$

Any measured photon is virtual but we can approximate a real ~~one~~ photon with large distances

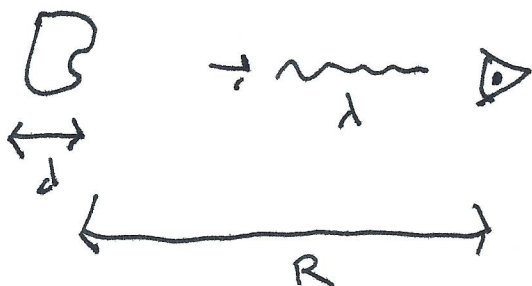
Lorentz Covariant

Spatial Regimes "near-field" "far-field" "intermediate field"

Important length-scales

$$\lambda = \frac{2\pi}{k} \quad \text{wavelength}$$

$$d = \text{size / support of the sources}$$

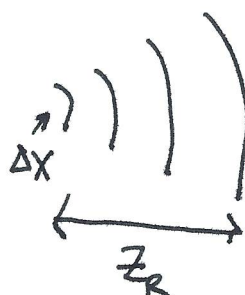
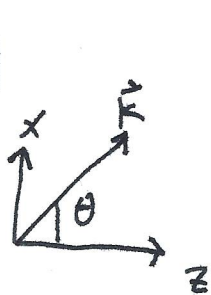
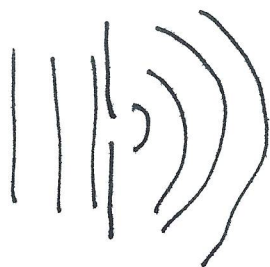


R distance from the source to the observer

k_s^{-1} length-scale(s) for features or structures in the source

Rayleigh range (Fraunhofer distance)

$$z_R \sim \frac{d^2}{\lambda} \quad \text{propagation distance associated with appreciable diffraction}$$



$$z_R \tan \Delta\theta \sim \Delta x$$

$\sim \Delta\theta$

$\sim \sin \Delta\theta$

$\sim \sin \Delta\theta$

$\sim \sin \Delta\theta$

$$z_R \sim \frac{\Delta x}{\sin \Delta\theta} \sim 4\pi \frac{d^2}{\lambda}$$

Fourier-Heisenberg Uncertainty principle

$$\frac{\Delta k_x \Delta x}{k} \geq \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{k} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} = \frac{\lambda}{4\pi}$$

$$\sin \Delta\theta \Delta x \geq \frac{\lambda}{4\pi}$$

length scales: $\lambda, d, R, k_s^{-1}, z_R \sim \frac{d^2}{\lambda}$

Hertzian Regime $d \ll \lambda$

Kirchoff Regime $d \gg \lambda$

Mie scattering $d \sim \lambda$

Hertz Regime:

near-zone
quasi-static

$$d < R \ll \lambda$$

intermediate zone
induction zone

$$d \ll \lambda \sim R$$

Far zone

radiation zone

$$d \ll \lambda \ll R$$